

WORLD KARATE FEDERATION KATA COMPETITION RULES

Valid from 1.1.2026

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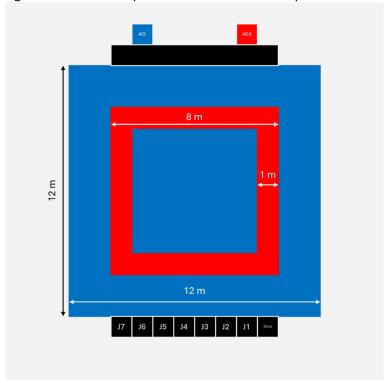
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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the Kata Rules is to provide standardized rules for all levels of Championships promoted or recognized by the World Karate Federation (WKF), WKF Continental Federations, and WKF Member National Federations. The Competition Rules are intended to ensure that all matters related to competitions are conducted in a safe, fair, and orderly manner.

ARTICLE 1: KATA COMPETITION AREA

- 1.1 The competition area will be a WKF Approved matted square, with sides of eight metres (measured from the outside). There will be a clear safety area of two metres on each side.
- 1.2 The Judges sit behind a table facing the middle of the tatami having AO to the left and AKA to the right.
- 1.3 There must be no advertisement hoardings, walls, pillars etc. within one metre of the safety area's outer perimeter.
- 1.4 Coaches will be seated outside the safety area, on their respective sides of the Tatami towards the official table. In cases where the configuration of Tatami makes it impractical to place the Coaches facing the official table, they may instead be placed on each side of the official table.
- 1.5 The following illustration shows placement around the competition area.



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ARTICLE 2: OFFICIAL ATTIRE

2.1 Judges

- 2.1.1 The official uniform will be as follows:
 - a) A single-breasted navy-blue blazer (colour code 19-4023 TPX)
 - b) Plain light-grey trousers without turn-ups (colour code 18-0201 TPX)
 - c) A white shirt with short sleeves
 - d) Plain dark blue or black socks and black slip-on shoes for use on the match area
 - e) An official tie, worn without a tie pin
 - f) A black whistle with a discreet white cord for the whistle
- 2.1.2 The following additions to attire are allowed:
 - a) A plain wedding band
 - b) Voluntary religious headwear approved by the WKF
 - c) A hairclip and discreet earrings
 - d) Hair must be worn off the shoulders, and make-up must be discreet
 - e) Heels of more than 4 cm may not be worn with the uniform.

It is strictly forbidden for judges to use phones, wear smart-watches or make use of private electronic devices within the confines of the field of play. Sunglasses are not allowed.

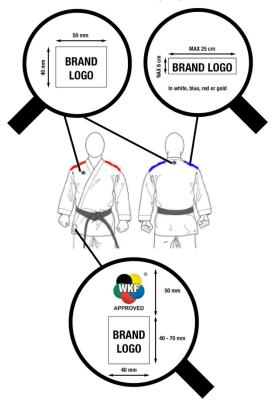
- 2.1.3 Judges must wear the official uniform at all tournaments, briefings, and courses.
- 2.1.4 For multisport events where a cross-sport uniform is provided for Judges at the cost of the LOC (local Organising Committee) with the feel & look of the specific event. The official uniform for Judges might be substituted by that common uniform, provided that it is requested in writing to the WKF by the event organiser and formally approved by the WKF.
- 2.1.5 If the Chief Referee agrees, officials may be allowed to remove their blazers.
- 2.1.6 The Referee Commission or Chief Referee may refuse the participation of any official who does not comply with this regulation.

2.2 Athletes

- 2.2.1 Athletes must wear a white, WKF approved, Karategi without stripes, piping, or personal embroidery other than specifically allowed by the WKF EC and specified in the bulletin for the competition:
 - a) For all official WKF events (World Championships and Karate 1 Premier League, Series A and Youth League), the Karategi must have embroidered brands on the shoulders in red or blue, respectively, according to the draw. Exceptions include the grand winners of the previous Premier League season who should wear a gold shoulder embroidery in current Premier League events and the incumbent Senior World Champion, who should wear a gold shoulder embroidery in the current Senior World Championship. This applies equally to individuals and teams. There is no WKF requirement for the Team members wearing the same brand of Karategi.

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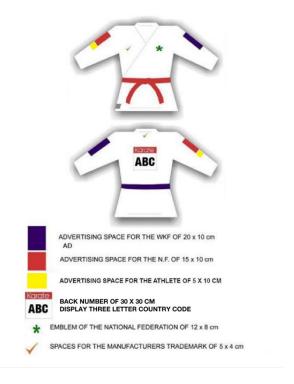
b) Only the original manufacturer's labels can be displayed on the Karategi.



- c) The national emblem or flag of the country will be worn on the left breast of the jacket and may not exceed an overall size of 12cm by 8cm.
- d) In addition, identification issued by the Organising Committee will be worn on the back. The back number is mandatory for Karate 1 Premier League, Karate World Championships and Karate World Cup.
- e) Athletes or Teams must wear a WKF Approved red belt (AKA), or blue belt (AO) as allocated by the draw, without any personal embroideries or advertising or markings (BRAND LOGO) other than the customary label from the manufacturer. Belts of grade cannot be worn during the bout.

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f) The red and blue belts must be around five centimetres wide and of a length sufficient to allow fifteen centimetres free on each side of the knot but not longer than three-quarters thigh length.



- g) The jacket, when tightened around the waist with the belt, must be of a minimum length that covers the hips, but must not be more than three-quarters thigh length.
- h) Female Athletes can wear a plain white T-shirt beneath the Karate jacket.
- i) Jackets without ties cannot be used. The jacket ties holding the jacket in place must be tied at the beginning of the performance.
- j) The maximum length of the jacket sleeves must be no longer than the bend of the wrist and no shorter than halfway down the forearm.
- k) Jacket sleeves may not be rolled up.
- I) The trousers must be long enough to cover at least two thirds of the shin and must not reach below the anklebone. Trouser legs may not be rolled up.
- m) The Karategi must not be altered or manipulated to change its shape.
- 2.2.2 The WKF Executive Committee may authorise the display of special labels or trademarks (BRAND LOGOS) of approved sponsors.
- 2.2.3 Athletes may, according to their own individual choice, use religious headwear approved by the WKF: A black plain fabric head scarf covering the hair, but not the neck or throat area.
- 2.2.4 Glasses are forbidden. Prescription sport-glasses or soft contact lenses can be worn at the Athlete's own risk.
- 2.2.5 Athletes must keep their hair clean and cut to a length that does not obstruct the performance. Hachimaki (headband) will not be allowed.
- 2.2.6 Hair slides are prohibited, as are metal hairgrips. Ribbons, beads and other decorations are prohibited. One or two discreet rubber bands on a single ponytail is permitted.

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- 2.2.7 The wearing of any unauthorised apparel, clothing or equipment is forbidden.
- 2.2.8 The use of bandages, padding, or supports because of injury, must be approved by the Referee and done, or approved by, the Tournament Doctor.
- 2.2.9 In the case of Continental Federations, they will limit themselves to providers and brands already approved for WKF. National Federation must also accept all WKF approved equipment for all local, regional or national competitions.
- 2.2.10 Athletes that appear at the competition area with unauthorized equipment or irregular Karategi will be given one minute to correct the attire, and the Coach based on the report from the Chief Referee may have their coaching license suspended for a period of up to 6 months starting the date after the applicable tournament unless the equipment and attire has been checked beforehand by a WKF Controller.

2.3 Coaches

- 2.3.1 Coaches must at all times during the tournament, wear the official tracksuit of their National Federation, wear shoes, and display their official identification. The exception is bouts/matches for medals in official WKF events, where male Coaches are required to wear a dark suit, shoes covering the feet, shirt and tie. Female Coaches may choose to wear a dress, pantsuit, or a combination of jacket and skirt in dark colours and shoes. Sandals, or any other open-toe shoes, are prohibited. Sunglasses are not allowed.
- 2.3.2 The following additions to attire are allowed:
 - a) A plain wedding band
 - b) Voluntary religious headwear approved by the WKF
- 2.3.3 The Chief Referee can allow Coaches to use the federations official Team t-shirt or a plain coloured t-shirt without writing or logos instead of the track suit jacket.

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ARTICLE 3: ORGANISATION OF KATA COMPETITION

3.1 General

- 3.1.1 Kata is not a dance or theatrical performance. It must adhere to the traditional values and principles. It must be realistic in fighting terms and display concentration, power, and potential impact in its techniques. It must demonstrate strength, power, and speed, as well as grace, rhythm, and balance.
- 3.1.2 All Kata competition take the form of pitting one Athlete against another or one Team against another (One-on-one competition). The individual Athletes or Teams are designated as AKA (red) and AO (blue). The designation of colour is done by random drawing.
- 3.1.3 The Athlete or Team designated as AKA will perform first.
- 3.1.4 Athletes must at all times follow the instructions given by the Chief Judge.

3.2 Definitions

- 3.2.1 A "bout" refers to the performance of one kata by one Athlete versus another.
- 3.2.2 A "match" refers to the performance of one kata, including Bunkai for medal matches, by one Kata Team versus another.
- 3.2.3 The term "group" is here used about the Athletes participating in one of the eight or more groups in the Round-robin phase for individual competition or the group of five Teams participating in Round-robin Team competition.
- 3.2.4 The term "pool" is used for each of the two halves of the total number of Athletes in a category forming the two paths of advancement towards competing for the medals.
- 3.2.5 A "runner-up" refers to the second place Athlete in a Round-robin group.

3.3 Competition formats

- 3.3.1 Kata competition can be organised in several ways:
 - a) <u>Elimination system with repechage for individuals or Teams.</u> (Used unless otherwise specified for the competition).
 - b) <u>Round-robin in groups followed by elimination for individuals or Teams.</u> (Used for individual Premier League competitions and the Senior World Championships for both individuals and Teams).
 - c) <u>Two-pool Round-robin system</u> (used for multiple sport games)
- 3.3.2 Kata competition takes the form of Team matches and individual bouts. Team matches consist of competition between Teams of 3 or 4 Athletes of which 3 compete at the time. Each Team is exclusively male, or exclusively female. The Individual Kata competition consists of individual performance in separate male and female divisions. The list of official categories is found in APPENDIX 2. If a variation of the competition format other than described in these rules is to

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be applied for a particular tournament, this must be clearly announced in the tournament bulletin.

3.4 Seeding and order of performance.

- 3.4.1 For World Individual Championships Phase 2, and Karate 1- Premier League, the four top ranked Athletes in the WKF World Ranking present as per the day before the competition are seeded.
- 3.4.2 For World Senior Team Championships the 3 medallist Teams (gold, silver and bronze) plus the loser of the bronze from the previous World Senior Team Championships will be seeded.

3.5 Team kata

- 3.5.1 Kata Teams consist of 3 or 4 Athletes, of which 3 compete in each round. When a Team has 4 Athletes, any 3 may be used for any round.
- 3.5.2 In Team Kata, all three Team members must start the Kata facing in the same direction and towards the Judges.
- 3.5.3 The members of the Team must demonstrate competence in all aspects of the Kata performance, as well as synchronisation.
- 3.5.4 In the bouts for medals of Team Kata Competition, the Teams will perform their chosen Kata in the usual way. They will then perform a demonstration of the meaning of the Kata (Bunkai).
- 3.5.5 There is no bow between the Kata and the Bunkai. Both elements are part of the same performance.
- 3.5.6 The total time allowed for the Kata & Bunkai demonstration combined is 5 minutes.
- 3.5.7 The official timekeeper will start the countdown clock as the Team members perform the bow upon starting the Kata and will stop the clock at the final bow after the Bunkai performance.
- 3.5.8 Playing unconscious while performing Bunkai is inappropriate: After being downed the Athlete should either raise to one knee or stand up within 2 seconds.
- 3.5.9 Although performing a scissor takedown technique to the neck (Kani Basami) area during BUNKAI is prohibited, a scissor takedown to the body or legs is permitted.

3.6 Elimination with repechage

3.6.1 In elimination with repechage the Athletes/Teams are divided in two pools where in each pool the Athletes/Teams are pitted against each other until the winner of each pool qualify for the finals. Those who lost to the two finalists will then form two new pools and compete until there are two Athletes/Teams left in each pool to compete against each other for the two bronze medals.

3.7 Round-robin groups followed by elimination – Individuals and Teams

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- 3.7.1 The Athletes or Teams will face each other in performing a Kata of their choice. For team medal matches, the Bunkai will follow as an integrated part of the performance.
- 3.7.2 In individual Premier League events, Round-robin competition using groups of 4 Athletes the maximum 32 participants are divided into 8 groups of 4 Athletes or less. The winner of each of the eight groups goes on to regular quarterfinals, semi-finals and final. The losers to the finalists in the quarter- and semi-finals compete for the bronze medals. While in the Individual World Senior Championship Phase 2, the winners and runners-up of each of the 8 groups go on to the regular round 16, quarterfinals, semi-finals and final. The losers to the finalists in the quarter- and semi-finals compete for the bronze medals.
- 3.7.3 In Phase 1 of the Individual World Championships for the Round-robin competition the Athletes are divided in 6, 8, 12, or 24 groups according to the number of registered Athletes and the winners and best runners-ups of each group will form 6 pairs competing for the 6 places qualifying for the Phase 2 of the World Individual Championships.
- 3.7.4 For the World Cup for National Teams, competition begins with a round-robin group stage, followed by quarter-finals, semi-finals, and the final. Each group consists of five teams. The winners and runners-up of each group advance to the quarter-finals, with winners moving on to the semi-finals and then the final.
 - Teams that lose in the semi-finals compete for a single bronze medal. The final determines the gold and silver medalists: the winner earns gold, the runner-up silver. The winner of the bronze medal match secures bronze, while the losing team does not receive a medal.
- 3.7.5 The winner and runners-up of each pool is determined by the most won bouts/matches. If the number of wins should be equal, the tie will be resolved according to Article 5.
- 3.7.6 In individual competition those who have lost to the finalists in the quarter finals and semi-finals will compete for the bronze medals (One for group 1-4 and one for group 5-8). For Teams competition those Teams that have lost for the finalist will compete for the one bronze medal.
- 3.7.7 In Round-robin, it is possible for a Athlete or Team to be disqualified from a performance and still continue the competition, completing outstanding performances for the Round-robin part of the competition. In this case, the opponent wins that performance, and the results of the other bouts or matches remain.
- 3.7.8 If an already qualified individual athlete or Team is disqualified for misconduct (SHIKKAKU) at the conclusion of the Round-robin phase, their scheduled opponent in the first round of the elimination phase shall advance to the next round by bye ("walkover").

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3.7.9 The following table shows allocation to groups for 32 down to 3 Athletes and determination of qualification from the Round-robin according to the next round:

| Number of Athletes/Groups | Athletes per group | | | | | Notes | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|
| 8 Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 24-32 Athletes |
| Seed ▶ | | 3 | | 2 | | 4 | | 1 | |
| 32 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 31 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | |
| 30 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | |
| 29 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | |
| 28 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | The first of each Group qualify. |
| 27 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | , , , |
| 26 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | |
| 25 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | |
| 24 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 6 Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 18-23 Athletes |
| Seed ▶ | _ | 3 | | 2 | | 4 | | 1 | |
| 23 | 4 | 4 | | 4 | 4 | 4 | | 3 | |
| 22 | 4 | 4 | | 3 | 4 | 4 | | 3 | |
| 21 | 4 | 3 | | 3 | 4 | 4 | | 3 | |
| 20 | 4 | 3 | | 3 | 4 | 3 | | 3 | The first of each Group and the two best runner-ups qualify. |
| 19 | 4 | 3 | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | |
| 18 | 3 | 3 | l | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | |
| 5 Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 17 Athletes |
| Seed ► | | 3 | | 2 | j | 4 | | 1 | - Control particular 27 / Control Control |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | | 3 | | 3 | 4 | 4 | | 3 | The first of each Group and the three best runner-ups qualify. |
| 4 Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 12-16 Athletes |
| Seed ► | | 3 | | 2 | | 4 | | 1 | |
| 16 | | 4 | | 4 | | 4 | | 4 | |
| 15 | | 4 | | 4 | | 4 | | 3 | |
| 14 | | 4 | | 3 | | 4 | | 3 | The first and runner-up of each Group. |
| 13 | | 3 | | 3 | | 4 | | 3 | |
| 12 | | 3 | | 3 | | 3 | | 3 | |
| 3 Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 9-11 Athletes |
| Seed ► | | 3 | | 2 | | | | 1 | |
| 11 | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 3 | The first and rupper up of each Group, as well as the best two numbers |
| 10 | | 4 | | 3 | | | | 3 | The first and runner-up of each Group, as well as the best two number threes qualify. |
| 9 | | 3 | | 3 | | | | 3 | tirees quairy. |
| 2 Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 6-8 Athletes |
| Seed ▶ | | | | 2 | | | | 1 | |
| 8 | | | | 4 | | | | 4 | The first and runner up of each Group, will compete dispaths in the |
| 7 | | | | 4 | | | | 3 | The first and runner-up of each Group, will compete directly in the semifinals. |
| 6 | | | | 3 | | | | 3 | Scrimmais. |
| 1 Group | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Participation: 3-5 Athletes |
| Seed ▶ | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 5 | | | | | | | 5 | Final between first and support up of the Crown and anti- | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | 4 | Final between first and runner-up of the Group, and only one bronze medal bout. |
| 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | mean boat. |

3.7.10 Should both Athletes, or teams, be disqualified for a technical mistake during a medal bout/match, they will both perform an additional kata to determine the result. If this pertains to teams, no Bunkai will be required.

3.8 Two pool Round-robin competition

3.8.1 For multiple sport games, such as continental games, Olympic Games, or other multisport events, the format of competition will be determined for each event depending on modalities included and restriction in participation.

3.9 Kata competition for those under 14 years of age

There are no specific deviations from the standard rules, but a limitation to the Kata list to less advanced Kata may be used.

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3.10 Coaching

3.10.1 In World Championships, Kata coaches need to be part of a National Federation delegation and have the required Coach certification level, when acting during the bout of an Athlete.

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ARTICLE 4: THE JUDGING PANEL

- 4.1 For all official WKF competitions, the panel of seven Judges for each round of Round-robin competition, and five judges for eliminations will be designated by random selection, deploying a computer program.
- 4.2 For each mat, one Judge is designated as the Tatami Manager and will assume the lead in conducting any required communication with the Software technician and handle any unanticipated issue among the Judges.
- 4.3 Judges-deployment and panel allocation for the eliminatory rounds: The RC Secretary will facilitate to the Software technician handling the electronic drawing system a list containing the Judges available per Tatami. This list is done by the RC Secretary once the Athletes draw is finished and at the end of the Referees' briefing. This list must only contain Judges present at the briefing and must comply with the above-mentioned criteria. Then for the Judges' draw the Software Technician will enter the list in the system and seven Judges out of each Tatami deployment will be randomly selected as judging panel.
- 4.4 For medal bouts the Tatami Managers will provide the RC Chairman and the RC Secretary with a list containing available officials from their own Tatami after the last performance of the eliminatory round is finished. Once the list is approved by the RC Chairman, it will be given to the Software Technician for entry into the system. The system will then randomly allocate the Judging panel, which will only contain the seven Judges.
- 4.5 In addition to the Software Technician, and the Announcer of results for Team competitions, the panel for medal rounds are also assisted by a Timekeeper keeping track of the maximum performance time.
- 4.6 As found expedient, the Announcer and the Software Technician operating the electronic judging system may be the same person.
- 4.7 Furthermore, the organisers have to provide Runners for each competition area familiar with the WKF Kata list to collect and record the chosen Kata of the Athletes before each round and bring the listing to the Software technician. The Tatami Manager is responsible for overseeing the operation of the Runner(s).
- 4.8 The Judges of a Kata bout must not have the nationality or be from the same National Federation of either of the participants or have any other conflict of interest. It remains the duty of any official to self-report on any possible conflict of interest before the bout or match starts.
- 4.9 If manual judging by flags is employed, five Judges will be used: four placed at each corner of the Tatami and one functioning as Head Judge centered at the side closest to the official table.

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ARTICLE 5: EVALUATION

5.1 Official Kata list

- 5.1.1 Only Kata from the WKF official Kata list may be performed. The official kata list is found in APPENDIX 1.
- 5.1.2 Names of some Kata are duplicated due to the variations customary in spelling in Romanization. In several instances a Kata may be known under a different name from style (Ryu-ha) to style and in exceptional instances an identical name may in fact be a different Kata from style to style.

5.2 Number of Kata required

- 5.2.1 An Athlete or Team must perform a different kata, up to 5, for each round until the medal matches. No more than five (5) different kata are required to complete a competition, and a kata cannot be performed twice in a row. No kata can be performed more than twice by an Athlete or Team in a competition. Any kata may be performed in the medal round, unless already performed twice.
- 5.2.2 For competition for those under 14 years of age no more than four (4) kata is required, and above rule of repetition will apply from the fifth round with further repetitions allowed along the same principle for subsequent rounds.
- 5.2.3 Each Athlete/Team are free to select which kata to use for each round provided that the relevant kata is announced for each round and follow the above rules from repetition. The possibility of repeating kata is an opinion and do not prevent any Athlete or Team to perform a new kata for each round regardless of the number of rounds required to win.

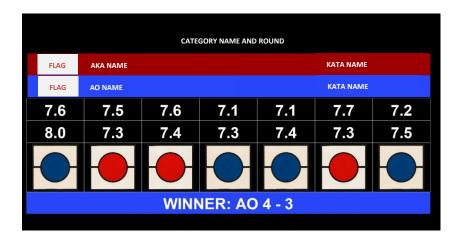
5.3 Assessment

- 5.3.1 The performance is evaluated from the bow starting the Kata until the bow ending the Kata except for team medal matches, where the performance, as well as the timekeeping starts at the bow in the beginning of the Kata and ends when the performers bow after completing the Bunkai.
- 5.3.2 Slight variation as taught by the Athlete's style (Ryu-Ha) of Karate will be permitted.

5.4 Point system

- 5.4.1 Each performance is given a score using a scale from 5.0 to 10.0 in increments of 0.1 where 5.0 represents the lowest score possible for a Kata that is accepted as performed and 10.0 represents a perfect performance. A disqualification is indicated by a 0.0 score.
- 5.4.2 The winner is pointed out by each judge based on the relative marks that particular judge gave for each of the two Athletes or Teams. The winner is determined by the majority of votes by the Judges.

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5.4.3 Bunkai is performed for Team medal matches and is to be given equal importance as the Kata itself.

5.5 Decision

- 5.5.1 Results of a bout or match are decided based on the majority of votes by the judges.
- 5.5.2 For each bout/match won in Round-robin, the Athlete/Team earns 3 Victory points and the loser zero victory points. No draws are allowed.
- 5.5.3 For the purpose of uniform application of the scale used in scoring the following guideline applies:

| | 10 | Perfect |
|------------------|---------|--------------|
| \triangleright | 9 - 9.9 | Excellent |
| | 8 - 8.9 | Very good |
| | 7 - 7.9 | Good |
| \triangleright | 6 - 6.9 | Acceptable |
| \triangleright | 5 - 5.9 | Insufficient |
| \triangleright | 0 | Disqualified |

5.6 Criteria for evaluation

| Kata Performance | Bunkai Performance | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | (Applicable to Team performances for medals) | | | | |
| 4. 60 | 4. 61 | | | | |
| 1. Stances | 1. Stances | | | | |
| 2. Techniques | 2. Techniques | | | | |
| 3. Transitional movements | 3. Transitional movements | | | | |
| 4. Timing and synchronisation | 4. Timing & distance (MA-AI) | | | | |
| 5. Correct breathing | 5. Control | | | | |
| 6. Focus (KIME) | 6. Focus (KIME) | | | | |
| 7. Conformance: Consistence in the performance of the KIHON | Conformance (to Kata): Using the actual movements as performed in the Kata. | | | | |
| 8. Strength | 8. Strength | | | | |
| 9. Speed | 9. Speed | | | | |
| 10. Balance | 10. Balance | | | | |

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5.7 Fouls

The following fouls, if apparent, must be considered:

- 1. Announcing the kata before, instead of after, the bow.
- 2. Minor loss of balance.
- 3. Performing a movement in an incorrect or incomplete manner such as failure to fully execute a block or punching off target.
- 4. Asynchronous movements, such as delivering a technique before the body transition is completed, or in the case of Team Kata; failing to do a movement in unison.
- 5. Use of audible cues (from any other person, including other Team members) to guide tempo of performance.
- 6. Any theatrics such as stamping the feet, slapping the chest, arms, or Karategi, or inappropriate exhalation must be considered very serious fouls by the Judges in their evaluation of the performance of the Kata on the same level as one would penalize a major loss of balance.
- 7. Incorrect Kiai. (Kiai must be short and concentrated, and simultaneously with the technique.)
- 8. Belt coming loose to the extent that it is coming off the hips during the performance.
- 9. Time wasting, including prolonged marching, excessive bowing, or prolonged pause before starting the performance, including using more than 35 seconds from the name of the Athlete/Team is announced on the monitor until the first move after the bow.
- 10. Causing injury by lack of controlled technique during Bunkai.
- 11. Simulated unconsciousness for more than 2 seconds at the time as part of the Bunkai.

5.8 Disqualification

An Athlete or a Team of Athletes may be disqualified for any of the following reasons:

- 1. Not announcing the kata, announcing the wrong kata or performing another kata than pre-announced to the official table. To be considered announced, the name of the kata must be reconcile to the judges.
- 2. Failing to bow at the beginning and completion of the Kata performance.
- 3. Not starting the Kata facing the Judges.
- 4. A distinct pause or stop in the performance.

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- 5. Omitting or adding movements or otherwise substantially change the performance from its original form.
- 6. Persistent and obvious repetition of theatrics, such as stamping the feet, slapping the chest, arms, or Karategi, or inappropriate exhalation.
- 7. Having to take a corrective step to recover from a total loss of balance or have a fall.
- 8. Belt falling off during the performance.
- 9. Exceeding the total time limit of 5 minutes duration for Kata and Bunkai.
- 10. Performing a scissor takedown technique to the neck area in Bunkai (Jodan Kani Basami)
- 11. Failure to follow the instructions of the Chief Judge or other misconduct (SHIKKAKU).

The chief judge must call Shugo before the decision of disqualification.

5.9 Excessive celebration and political or religious demonstrations

5.9.1 Athletes are expected to respect the ceremony of salutations before and after the performance. Any excessive celebration, such as falling on one's knees etc., or political or religious expressions, during or immediately after the performance is, prohibited and will be subject to a fine equal to the amount determined by the EC for the protest fee. The Tatami Manager or Chief Referee will notify the official table.

5.10 Determining the winner of bout in individual competition or a Team match using the elimination system

5.10.1 For both individual bouts and Team matches using the elimination system, the winner is the Athlete or Team that obtains the highest sum of votes of judges as indicated in 5.5.

5.11 Determining the winner of a Round-robin group and resolving ties in individual competition

To determine the group winner of individual Round-robin competition, and resolving ties, the following steps are taken in order of precedence to determine the winner:

- 1) Most victory points scored for all bouts.
- 2) Winner of the bout between the Athletes in a tie.
- 3) The highest of Sum of votes from judges picking the Athlete as winner in all the bouts in the group.
- 4) Athlete having the highest World Ranking.
- 5) Performance of an extra kata for Athletes still in a tie.

For each case of a tie, return to criterion 2.

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In the case of Kiken, the winning Athlete/Team will be awarded 4 votes for the bout.

5.12 Determining the winner of a Round-robin group and resolving ties, in Team competition

To determine the group winner of a Round-robin group, and resolving ties, the following steps are taken in order of precedence to determine the winner:

- 1) Most victory points scored for all matches.
- 2) Winner of the match between the Teams in the tie.
- 3) The highest sum of votes from Judges picking the Team as the winner for all the matches in the group.
- 4) Performance of an extra kata for Teams still in a tie.

For each case of a tie, return to criterion 2.

5.13 Determining the Runner-ups Between Different Round-robin Groups

- 1) When comparing the Runner-ups from two different Round-robin groups, the Athlete/Team that has the most favourable difference of judges votes, for and against, will prevail.
- 2) If there is a tie of more than two Athletes, the two Athletes with the highest ranking will prevail.
- 3) Performance of an extra kata for Athletes still in a tie, consistent with Article 5.2.

5.14 Manual Judging by use of flags

- 5.14.1 Manual Judging by use of red and blue flags may be used for competitions where electronic judging equipment is not available or where a technical malfunction makes it impossible to make use of the electronic equipment.
- 5.14.2 The following procedure will then apply, given the result of the bout: After both AKA and AO have completed the performance, the Head Judge will blow their whistle, and all five Judges (including the Head Judge) will simultaneously raise their flag to signal the winner. The Judges will hold the flag raised to allow for registration of results until the Head Judge blows the whistle a second time, signalling that the flags are to be taken down.

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ARTICLE 6: OPERATION OF MATCHES

- 6.1 Before each round the Athletes or Teams must submit their chosen Kata to the assigned Runners who will relay the information to the Software Technician of the electronic judging system.
- 6.2 It is the sole responsibility of the Coach, or in the absence of a Coach, the Athlete or Team, to ensure that the Kata as notified to the Runner is appropriate for that particular round.
- 6.3 Should there be any discrepancy between the number and the name of the kata registered for performance, the number, as per the official WKF Kata list will prevail.
- 6.4 Individual Athletes or Teams that do not present themselves when called, or decide not to continue, will be disqualified (KIKEN) from that category. Disqualification by KIKEN means that the Athletes are disqualified from that category, although it does not affect participation in another category.
- 6.5 The starting point for the performance is anywhere within the perimeter of the competition area.
- 6.6 Where a countdown clock is provided on the monitor, the Athlete or Team is allowed 35 seconds from the name of the Athlete or Team is announced on the monitor until first move after the bow.
- 6.7 After the bow the Athlete or Team must clearly announce the name of the Kata that is to be performed and then start the performance.
- 6.8 When is the Athlete or the Team is called (as soon as the Athlete or team's name appears on the screen), the Athlete or Team must promptly proceed to the starting point for the Kata, facing the Judges without any prolonged marching. After the bow, the name of the kata will be announced, and the performance will begin without any further delay.
- The match begins with a bow to the judges and then the Athletes/Teams bow to each other. The Athlete/Team with the red belt (AKA) performs the kata first, followed by the Athlete/Team with the blue belt (AO) upon completion of AKA's kata. The Athlete/Team not performing is to stand next to the perimeter of the competition area and refrain from moving or talking to avoid disturbing the other Athlete/Team's performance.
- 6.10 At the end of the performance, which is defined as the final bow in the Kata, the Athlete(s) must return to the end of the competition area to wait for the announcement of the winner.
- 6.11 When an Athlete or Team has completed the Kata the judges (including the Chief Judge) give their score by electronic device.
- 6.12 Once the announcement of the winner is given the Athletes or Teams will upon the signal "OTAGAI NI REI" bow to each other, and on "SHOMEN NI REI" bow to the Judges and leave the Tatami.

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ARTICLE 7: OFFICIAL PROTEST

7.1 General provisions

- 7.1.1 No one may protest about a Judgement to the members of the Refereeing Panel.
- 7.1.2 If a Refereeing procedure appears to contravene the rules, the Athlete's Coach or their official representative are the only ones allowed to make a protest.
- 7.1.3 The protest will take the form of a written report submitted immediately after the bout in which the protest was generated. The sole exception is when the protest concerns an administrative malfunction.
- 7.1.4 Any protest concerning application of the rules must not necessarily impede the progression of the competition and the intent to protest should be announced by the Coach or NF representative immediately after the end of the bout.
- 7.1.5 The Coach / NF representative will request the official protest form [APPENDIX 3] from the Tatami Manager and will be expected to have it completed, signed, and delivered to the Tatami Manager with the corresponding fee within 5 minutes after announcing the intent to protest.
- 7.1.6 Failure of a Coach / NF representative to deliver a protest in a timely manner can lead to its rejection if such delay, in the opinion of the Appeals Jury, is without reasonable justification and impedes the progression of the competition.
- 7.1.7 The Tatami Manager will immediately add the names of the officials and hand the completed protest form to a representative of the Appeals Jury. The Appeals Jury will, without delay, review the circumstances leading to the protested decision. Having considered all the facts available, they will produce a report and shall be empowered to take such action as may be called for. The protest will be reviewed by the Appeals Jury, and as part of this review, the Jury will study the evidence available in support of the protest.
- 7.1.8 The protest may also be directly decided and announced to the Appeals Jury by the RC Chairman or the Chief Referee of the event, in which case no payment of a protest fee will be applicable.
- 7.1.9 In case of an administrative malfunction during a bout in progress, the Coach can notify the Tatami Manager directly. In turn, the Tatami Manager will notify the Chief Judge.
- 7.1.10 The protest must give the name and country of the Athletes, the Judges officiating, and the precise details of what is being protested. No general claims about overall standards will be accepted as a legitimate protest. The burden of proving the validity of the protest lies with the complainant. The protest must be submitted to a representative of the Appeals Jury by the Tatami Manager. In due course the Jury will review the circumstances leading to the protested decision.
- 7.1.11 The protester must deposit a Protest Fee as agreed by the WKF EC, and this, together with the protest must be lodged with the Tatami Manager who will turn it over to a representative of the Appeals Jury.

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- 7.1.12 Any protest should be announced by the Coach or NF representative immediately after the end of the bout.
- 7.1.13 The decision of the Appeals Jury is final and may only be overruled by a decision of the Executive Committee upon request of the WKF President.
- 7.1.14 The Appeals Jury may not impose sanctions or penalties. Their function is to pass judgment on the merit of the protest to start required actions from the RC and OC to take remedial action to rectify any Refereeing procedure found to contravene the rules.
- 7.1.15 If the protest involves Athletes in an ongoing category, then the next round that could involve the athlete must be postponed until the appeal is decided.

7.2 Composition of the Appeals Jury

- 7.2.1 The Appeals Jury is comprised of three Senior Referee representatives appointed by the Referee Commission (RC) or the Chief Referee. No two members may be appointed from the same National Federation. They will be numbered from 1 to 3.
- 7.2.2 The RC will also appoint three additional members with designated numbering from 4 to 6 that automatically will replace any of the originally appointed Appeals Jury members in a conflict-of-interest situation. I.e., where the jury member is of the same nationality or have a family relationship by blood or as an In-Law with any of the parties involved in the protested incident, including all members of the Refereeing panel involved in the protested incident.

7.3 Appeals Evaluation Process

- 7.3.1 It is the responsibility of the Tatami Manager receiving the protest to gather the Appeals Jury and deposit the protest sum with WKF for any declined protest.
- 7.3.2 The Appeals Jury will immediately make such inquiries and investigations, as they consider necessary to validate the merit of the protest.
- 7.3.3 Each of the three members is obliged to give their verdict as to the validity of the protest. Abstentions are not acceptable.

7.4 Declined and accepted protests

- 7.4.1 If a protest is found invalid, the Appeals Jury will appoint one of its members to verbally notify the protester that the protest has been declined, mark the original document with the word "DECLINED", have it signed by each of the members of the Appeals Jury, and inform the protester of the decision.
- 7.4.2 If the protest is accepted, the Appeals Jury will appoint one of its members who will verbally notify the protester that the protest has been accepted, mark the original document with the word "ACCEPTED", and have it signed by each of the members of the Appeals Jury, before depositing the protest with the Chief Referee, and returning the protest fee to the protester.
- 7.4.3 After a protest is accepted, the appeals Jury will liaise with the Organising Commission (OC) and Chief Referee to take such measures as can be practically carried out to remedy the situation including the possibilities of:

- Reversing previous judgments that contravene the rules

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- Voiding results of the affected rounds from the point before the incident
- Redoing such bouts that have been affected by the incident
- Issuing a recommendation to the RC for any involved Judges evaluated for sanction.
- 7.4.4 The responsibility rests with the Appeals Jury to exercise restraint and sound judgment in taking actions that will disturb the program of the event in any significant manner. Reversing the results is a last option to secure a fair outcome.

7.5 Incident Report

- 7.5.1 After handling the incident in the above prescribed manner, the Appeals Jury will meet again and elaborate a simple protest incident report, describing their findings and state their reason(s) for accepting or rejecting the protest.
- 7.5.2 The report should be signed by all three members of the Appeals Jury and submitted to the Chief Referee and the Organising Commission.

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ARTICLE & ELIGIBILITY TO COMPETE

8. 1 Age

- 8.1.1 Allocation of age category is determined by the age of the Athlete on the first day of competition of the event.
- 8.1.2 The senior categories for Kumite and Kata refer to different age groups. In the senior kumite categories athletes must be 18 years old, while in the Kata senior categories athletes must be at least 16 years old, both defined by 8.1.1.
- 8.1.3 Participants in Under 21 categories must be 18, 19 or 20 years old, Junior categories they must be 16 or 17 years old, Cadet categories they must be 14 or 15 years old, and Under 14 categories they must be 12 & 13 years old.

8.2 NF Quota per Event

- 8.2.1 Each National Federation at the Cadet, Junior, & U21 World Championships, Individual World Senior Championships "Final Phase", and the Team World Senior Championships is limited to 1 Athlete per category.
- 8.2.2 Specific limitations may apply at the Individual Senior World Championships "Qualification Phase". If an NF already has a qualified athlete in a category of the Individual Senior World Championships "Final Phase", they may not register another athlete for the same category in the Individual World Championships "Qualification Phase".
- 8.2.3 Karate 1 -Events are open competitions where all WKF members are permitted to participate without restriction of 1 Athlete per NF. Notwithstanding, participants must be members of a National Federation which is recognized by the WKF.
- 8.2.4 Multi-sport Events like the ANOC- Beach Games, World Games, Olympics may apply other criteria, to be defined in their respective Qualification System.

8.3 Nationality

- 8.3.1 With the following exceptions, only Nationals of a country may take part in the World Championships and WKF official events representing their country.
- 8.3.2 As a general rule, an Athlete who has represented one country in a WKF official event or World Championships cannot represent another country at an official WKF event or a World Championships.
- 8.3.3 Nevertheless, if an Athlete who has taken part in one of those events obtains by marriage the nationality of the spouse, they may represent the spouse's country.
- 8.3.4 An Athlete who possesses dual nationality (i.e. one by virtue of the law of one country, the other by virtue of the law of another country) may only represent one or another country as the Athlete in question selects. Once having represented both countries, WKF EC approval will be necessary for a further change, following a reasoned written demand by the relevant NF to the WKF President.

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- 8.3.5 An Athlete may represent the country of their birth and of which the Athlete is a National unless they opt to take the nationality of their father or mother.
- 8.3.6 A naturalized Athlete (or one who has changed their nationality by naturalization) may not participate in the World Championships representing their new country until three years after their naturalization. The period following naturalization may be reduced or even cancelled with the agreement of the two NFs concerned and the final approval of the WKF FC.
- 8.3.7 If an associated State, Province or Overseas Department, a Country or former Colony acquires independence, or a country incorporated within another country by reason of a change of border, or if a new NF is recognized by WKF, an Athlete may continue to represent the country to which they belong or belonged. However, they may choose to represent their new country or their new NF in the World Championships.
- 8.3.8 In instances where the WKF has recognized more than 1 (one) NF for which members hold the same national passport (i.e., for a country and its protectorates with separate governing national sporting bodies), the Athlete may only compete for the NF of residence, provided that has not yet competed for the other (s) NF(s) in WKF official events.
- 8.3.9 In order to get the transfer to another NF of which the nationals hold the same passport, it will be enough with the agreement between the 2 (two) NFs involved to confirm any change to the WKF concerning the status of an Athlete. In case of disagreement between the NFs, any change will have to be approved by the WKF EC. In this case, the Athlete, through the NF concerned, will have to prove to the WKF's satisfaction the residency in the territory governed by the other NF, or failing this, the relationship with the other NF that makes the change justifiable.
- 8.3.10 Once the Athlete has represented all the NFs involved, the WKF EC approval will be necessary for any further change.

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ARTICLE 9: ADOPTATION OF THESE RULES TOO EVENTS OUTSIDE THE WKF OFFICIAL EVENT PROGRAMME

- 9.1 National Federations may modify these rules for the purpose of national competitions or other competitions not on the official WKF programme, as long as these adaptations do not provide an advantage or disadvantage for particular styles of karate.
- 9.2 National Federations are encouraged to consult their national sports authorities for guidance on national law and/or guidelines for competitive sports for children under 12 years of age.
- 9.3 Any deviation from the Competition Rules applied to a competition must be announced in the official bulletin or invitation to the event.

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ARTICLE 10: ISSUES NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED BY THE RULES

From time to time, situations may occur where the rules fall short of giving specific instructions to resolve an issue. In such instances, the Chief Referee for the competition has the authority to resolve the issue by applying analogous resolutions to similar cases found in the rules or their best judgment. Before making a decision, the Chief Referee may consult the assigned WKF Representative for the tournament or escalate the issue to the Sports Commissioner for consultation before taking a decision.

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APPENDIX 1: OFFICIAL KATA LIST

| 1 | Anan | 35 | Jiin | 69 | Passai |
|----|---------------------|----|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| 2 | Anan Dai | 36 | Jion | 70 | Pinan Shodan |
| 3 | Ananko | 37 | Jitte | 71 | Pinan Nidan |
| 4 | Aoyagi | 38 | Juroku | 72 | Pinan Sandan |
| 5 | Bassai | 39 | Kanchin | 73 | Pinan Yondan |
| 6 | Bassai Dai | 40 | Kanku Dai | 74 | Pinan Godan |
| 7 | Bassai Sho | 41 | Kanku Sho | 75 | Rohai |
| 8 | Chatanyara Kusanku | 42 | Kanshu | 76 | Saifa |
| 9 | Chibana No Kushanku | 43 | Kishimono No Kushanku | 77 | Sanchin |
| 10 | Chinte | 44 | Kousoukun | 78 | Sansai |
| 11 | Chinto | 45 | Kousoukun Dai | 79 | Sanseiru |
| 12 | Enpi | 46 | Kousoukun Sho | 80 | Sanseru |
| 13 | Fukyugata Ichi | 47 | Kururunfa | 81 | Seichin |
| 14 | Fukyugata Ni | 48 | Kusanku | 82 | Seienchin (Seiyunchin) |
| 15 | Gankaku | 49 | Kyan No Chinto | 83 | Seipai |
| 16 | Garyu | 50 | Kyan No Wanshu | 84 | Seiryu |
| 17 | Gekisai (Geksai) 1 | 51 | Matsukaze | 85 | Seishan |
| 18 | Gekisai (Geksai) 2 | 52 | Matsumura Bassai | 86 | Seisan (Sesan) |
| 19 | Gojushiho | 53 | Matsumura Rohai | 87 | Shiho Kousoukun |
| 20 | Gojushiho Dai | 54 | Meikyo | 88 | Shinpa |
| 21 | Gojushiho Sho | 55 | Myojo | 89 | Shinsei |
| 22 | Hakusho | 56 | Naifanchin Shodan | 90 | Shisochin |
| 23 | Hangetsu | 57 | Naifanchin Nidan | 91 | Sochin |
| 24 | Haufa (Haffa) | 58 | Naifanchin Sandan | 92 | Suparinpei |
| 25 | Heian Shodan | 59 | Naihanchi | 93 | Tekki Shodan |
| 26 | Heian Nidan | 60 | Nijushiho | 94 | Tekki Nidan |
| 27 | Heian Sandan | 61 | Nipaipo | 95 | Tekki Sandan |
| 28 | Heian Yondan | 62 | Niseishi | 96 | Tensho |
| 29 | Heian Godan | 63 | Ohan | 97 | Tomari Bassai |
| 30 | Heiku | 64 | Ohan Dai | 98 | Unshu |
| 31 | Ishimine Bassai | 65 | Oyadomari No Passai | 99 | Unsu |
| 32 | Itosu Rohai Shodan | 66 | Pachu | 100 | Useishi |
| 33 | Itosu Rohai Nidan | 67 | Paiku | 101 | Wankan |
| 34 | Itosu Rohai Sandan | 68 | Papuren | 102 | Wanshu |

In reporting the kata to be performed use the designated number. Should there be inconsistency between the number and the name of the kata, the number will be considered the reported kata to be performed.

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APPENDIX 2: KATA COMPETITION CATEGORIES

Team Kata Senior Male (16+ years)
Team Kata Senior Female (16+ years)

Team Kata Cadet and Junior Male (14 - <18 years)
Team Kata Cadet and Junior Female (14- <18 years)

Individual Kata Senior Male (16+ years) Individual Kata Senior Female (16+ years)

Individual Kata U21 (18 - <21) Male Individual Kata U21 (18 - <21) Female

Individual Kata Junior Male (16 - <18 years) Individual Kata Junior Female (16 - <18 years)

Individual Cadet Kata Male (14 - <16 years) Individual Cadet Kata Female (14 - <16 years)

Youth Kata U14 Male (12-<14 years)
Youth Kata U14 Female (12-<14 years)

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WKF OFFICIAL PROTEST FORM KATA



The protest must be prepaid.

| | _ | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--|--|
| DAT | E | | COMPETI | TION | | PLACE | | | |
| 1 | / | | | | | | | | |
| NAME OF THE ATHLETE COUNTRY | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | PROTEST DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | |
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| NAME | | | | | Valid as rec | eipt by the | WKF | | |
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| SIGNATURE | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY | | | | | | | | | |
| TATAMI N° TM Manager: | | | | | | | | | |
| PANEL | Judge 1 | Judge 2 | Judge 3 | Judge 4 | Judge 5 | Judge 6 | Judge 7 | | |
| NAME | | | | | | | | | |
| COUNTRY | | | | | | | | | |
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APPENDIX 4: SUMMARY TABLE OF WINNING CRITERIA AND TIE RESOLUTION

| KATA | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Individu | ıal | Teams | | | | | | |
| Round-robin | Elimination | Round-robin | Elimination | | | | | |
| | Critera for winning bout or match | | | | | | | |
| 1. Majority of votes from the Judges | 1. Majority of votes from the Judges | 1. Majority of votes from the Judges | 1. Majority of votes from the Judges | | | | | |
| | Criteria for winning Round-r | robin Group and resolving ties | | | | | | |
| 1. Most Victory Points | | 1. Most Victory Points | | | | | | |
| 2. Winner of the bout between the two | | 2. Winner of the Match between the two | | | | | | |
| 3. Most votes all judges, all bouts | | 3. Most votes all judges, all matches | | | | | | |
| 4. Highest World Ranking | | 4. Extra match - new kata | | | | | | |
| 5. Extra bout - new kata | | For each pair of Teams compared the | | | | | | |
| For each pair af Athletes compared the | | criteria must be considered from the | | | | | | |
| criteria must be considered from the | | beginning of the list. | | | | | | |
| beginning of the list. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| All winning criteria are leisted in order of precedence from the top down. | | | | | | | | |

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